

Welcome to the EtOH-REACH General Assembly 2013

Agenda



- 2) Ethanol
 - Denaturants
 - Classification and Labelling
 - Ethanol Activities during 2013
- 3) Associated substances
- 4) Update to Fees regulation



Agenda (2)



- 5) Financial Reporting
- 6) Election of officials

- 7) The future of EtOH-REACH
- 8) Questions before & closing the meeting



Denatured ethanol exposure scenarios

Denatured ethanol – coverage in REACH



- Mixture or preparation, so formulator is DU.
- Are denaturants registered?
 - Maybe, but no evidence use as a denaturant is specified
- Does standard ethanol ES cover denatured ethanol?
- New exposure scenarios may be required if not.

Note: Briefing note sent to members July 2011 explaining options available. Update to be issued imminently

Denatured ethanol project



- Project split into four tasks:
- Task 1: Identify denaturants used by members (survey Spring 2012)
 - 121 identified as used in past 5 years, including dyes
 - 24 used by 3 or more members in past year. Taken forward to task 2.
- Task 2: Identify for these 24, the maximum percentage that could be used with the existing exposure scenarios (ethanol remaining as the critical component determining the RCR.)
 - Results circulated to members in August 2012
 - Members requested to identify those denaturants where the determined threshold was insufficient.



Maximum permissible with current EtOH ES

Denaturant	Maximum
Isopropanol (IPA)	28%
t-butanol	10%
Methylene blue	10%
n-propanol	8.25%
Acetone	6.40%
n-butanol	3.6%
Ethyl acetate	3.54%
Toluene	3.24%
Isobutanol	1.72%
Isopropyl acetate	1.67%
Methyl ethyl ketone	1.62%
(MEK)	
Methanol	1.45%

Denaturant	Maximum
Menthol	1.33%
Bitrex	1%
Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE)	0.74%
Ethyl t-butyl ether (ETBE)	0.56%
Cyclohexane	0.54%
Methyl isobutyl ketone	0.13%
(MIBK)	
n-hexane	0.11%
Wood naphtha	0.01%
Methyl isopropyl ketone	0.01%
(MIPK)	
Linalool	0.0041%
Diethyl phthalate	0.0022%

Denatured ethanol project



- Task 3a: Members resurveyed and asked if these were sufficient and, if not, what levels are used and in which uses:
 - Results:

Uses	Gasoline [‡] , MTBE*, ETBE*	EtAc [§] , MEK*, MIBK*, Toluene*, cyclohexane*, methanol*	MIBK*	n-hexane*
Formulation	✓	✓	✓	✓
Automotive fuel use (IND, PROF, CONS)	✓			
Spray uses (IND, PROF)		✓		
Non-spray uses (IND, PROF)		✓	✓	✓
Laboratory use (IND, PROF) Heat transfer fluids (PROF)		✓	✓	
Cleaners, Heat transfer fluids (CONS)		✓	✓	
Domestic fuel, small quantities, coatings, screen wash, cosmetics (CONS)		✓		

*at 5%, §at 5% and 25%, ‡at any concentration and assuming benzene always <0.1%.

Denatured ethanol



- Task 3b: Develop specific scenarios for these specific denaturants and uses
 - As now mixtures, specific exposure and RCR calculations removed from ES to allow maximum flexibility and co-use.

Denatured ethanol



- First set of 'base' generic ES produced:
 - 'D0' version: for use of any not 'hazardous' denaturant up to 1%.
 - This is compliant with Article 14 which states that, under certain conditions, no CSA required for a component up to 1%
 - For example, covers use of DEP and MIPK (and other denaturants) up to 1%
 - No RCRs shown left effectively as a qualitative assessment

Denatured ethanols - specific ES

							EtOH-R	H-RF			
Exposure scenario	Gasoline	MTBE	ETBE	Ethyl a	cetate	MEK*	MIBK	Toluene	Cyclo- hexane	Methanolo	n-hexane s
	0-85%	0-5%	0-5%	5-25%	0-5%	0-5%	0-5%	0-5%	0-5%	0-5%	0-5%
ES2	ES2-D4	ES2-D2	ES2-D2	ES2-D2	ES2-D1	ES2-D1	ES2-D1	ES2-D1	ES2-D1	ES2-D3	ES2-D5
ES3	ES3-D6	ES3-D5	ES3-D5	ES3-D7	ES3-D1	ES3-D1	ES3-D1	ES3-D1	ES3-D4	ES3-D2	ES3-D3
ES4				ES4-D4	ES4-D1	ES4-D1	ES4-D1	ES4-D1	ES4-D1	ES4-D2	ES4-D3
ES5				ES5-D1		ES5-D1		ES5-D1	ES5-D1	ES5-D2	
ES6a	ES6a-D2	ES6a-D1	ES6a-D1								
ES6b	ES6b-D2	ES6b-D1	ES6b-D1								
ES7				ES7-D4	ES7-D1	ES7-D1	ES7-D2	ES7-D1	ES7-D2	ES7-D3	ES7-D4
ES8				ES8-D1		ES8-D1		ES8-D2	ES8-D1	ES8-D3	
ES9a	ES9a-D1	ES9a-D2	ES9a-D2								
ES9b					ES9b-D1	ES9b-D1		ES9b-D1	ES9b-D1	ES9b-D2	
ES9c					ES9c-D1	ES9c-D1		ES9c-D1	ES9c-D1	ES9c-D1	
ES9d					ES9d-D1	ES9d-D1	ES9d-D1	ES9d-D1	ES9d-D1	ES9d-D1	
ES9e					ES9e-D1	ES9e-D1		ES9e-D1	ES9e-D1	ES9e-D1	
ES9f					ES9f-D1	ES9f-D1		ES9f-D1	ES9f-D1	ES9f-D1	
ES9g					ES9g-D1	ES9g-D1	ES9g-D1	ES9g-D1	ES9g-D1	ES9g-D1	
ES9h					ES9g-D1	ES9g-D1		ES9g-D1	ES9g-D1	ES9g-D1	
ES10				ES10-D1	ES10-D1	ES10-D1	ES10-D1	ES10-D1	ES10-D1	ES10-D2	
ES11				ES11-D1	ES11-D1	ES11-D1	ES11-D1	ES11-D1	ES11-D1	ES11-D2	

Red = 0-4%, Blue = 4-20%. * also covers EU complete denaturant.

Denaturants



- Forward programme
 - Master versions complete
 - Translations will be made available plus instructions on how to choose and use.



Classification and labelling inventory - update

Classification and labelling inventory



- Published 13th Feb 2012. Immediately apparent many problems with it.
- Main generic issues:
 - Did not include 'no classification' submissions.
 - Did not filter out nonsense notifications.
 - Mixed up polymer and monomer classifications.
 - 'Contamination' of classifications due to impurities.
 - No mechanism by which industry could try to harmonise classifications.
 - Ethanol specific: no indication of number of submitters of each classification

Classification and labelling submitted by Association



Current listed classification) under directive 67/548	Harmonised classification indicated in regulation1272/2008 Annex VI.	Classification as indicated by the available data that is to be included in the IUCLID dossier submission
F R11	H225	H225, H319
Highly flammable	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes serious eye irritation
		Specific concentration limit: >50%: H319

Ethanol classification – current notifications



	Number
Total number of notifiers	5210
Total number of different classifications	37
of which classifications supported by only 1 notifier	18
Harmonised (flammable only)	3843
As supported by consortium (flammable, eye irritant >50%)	543
Flammable and eye irritant without the 50% SCC	510
Number of notifiers including a CMR classification	9

Classification and labelling inventory



- Inventory updated and republished later in 2012
- Status on main generic issues:
 - Did not include 'no classification' submissions. -FIXED
 - Did not filter out nonsense notifications.
 - Mixed up polymer and monomer classifications.
 - 'Contamination' of classifications due to impurities.
 - No mechanism by which industry could try to harmonise classifications. -FIXED
 - Ethanol specific: no indication of number of submitters of each classification -FIXED

Classification and labelling discussion platform



- Made available by ECHA late 2012
- Provides a platform in which notifiers can discuss and agree(?) a classification
- Only accessible by those who have notified
 - Need to login using REACH-IT password
- Not much more than a chat room
 - Notifiers are sent an email advising them when a discussion is started but then onus on notifier to take part.
- The Association has decide not to start such a discussion as it is not possible to control once underway.
 - Experience so far is that it is unlikely to work as a process.



Classification and labelling - Biocidal Products Regulation

Classification and labelling: Greece and biocides review - 1



- Biocidal Products Directive (BPD) replaced by Regulation (BPR) in September 2013
- 2 Biocides consortia:
 - Task Force Alkohole (TFA)
 - ASD Consortium Alcohol (ASD)
- TFA dossier under review by Greece competent authority
- ASD dossier due September 2013

Classification and labelling: Greece and biocides review - 2



- Greece must submit Annex XV dossier to ECHA on C&L
- We understand that this may propose CMR classification of ethanol by oral route
- Severe potential impact upon downstream use sectors
- Note: classification not normally defined by route!

Classification and labelling: Greece and biocides review - 3



- Evaluation Task Force informed
- Ethanol producers alerted
- DU sectors engaged, eg detergents & cleaning, cosmetics...
- Proposal more difficult to tackle after Annex XV submission to ECHA
- Need to have constructive discussion soon with Greek authorities
- Concerted action planned by EtOH REACH Association, Ethanol industry, both consortia, DU organisations



Technical programme 2012-2013

Update on activities - 1

- Webinar run end January
 - 28 Participants
- Guidance updates
 - No updates. ECHA promises no changes within 6 months of a registration deadline
- Evaluation task force maintain as active
 - Communications undertaken advising of Greek situation
 - Scope extended to cover C&L issues only



Update on activities – 2



- Ethanol not on CoRAP list, but a number of known denaturants are:
 - Methanol (2012 PL suspected reprotoxicity)
 - Toluene (2012 FI suspected CMR and other toxicity concerns)
 - n-Hexane (2012 DE suspected CMR and neurotoxicity)
 - Diethyl phthalate (2014 DE/PT suspected endocrine disruptor)
 - Methyl t-butyl ether (2014 FR suspected endocrine disruptor)
 - t-butanol (2013 UK may be related to carcinogenicity)

Update on activities – 3



- Substance review programme
 - Revised CoRAP issued in Feb
 - Draft report methanol just issued
- Classification and labelling
 - Italy has submitted its methanol proposal to ECHA
 - Sweden has also submitted linalool proposal.
- Support to members and secretariat leading up to May 31st registration deadline

Update on activities – 4



- Briefing notes for members:
 - Registering ethanol outside the SIP
 - Late registration & options available
 - Update on exposure scenarios for denatured ethanol & options available.
- Support to members and secretariat leading up to May 31st registration deadline.

Plan for remainder of 2013



- Literature search mid year covering past 12 months
- Exposure scenarios potential new use (insect repellants)
- Update to IUCLID 5.4
 - v5.4 introduces many new fields. ECHA has indicated that many of these will become mandatory in the future. Main ones of concern still to be addressed:
 - Exposure scenarios: These now need to be documented in full in IUCLID (new chapter 3.7). Many fields to complete!
 - End point summaries. Many new structured fields. Toxicology summary requires documentation and justification of all assessment factors used
 - TCC quality check still does not cover these so may postpone until 2014



REACH fees regulation

REACH fees regulation



- Fees for REACH registration deliberately specified in a free standing regulation to allow easy update
- First regulation 340/2008
- New regulation updating fees issued 20/3/2013 (regulation 254/2013)
 - Arrived with little warning
 - New fees came into force immediately

Headline changes



- All fees for non SME's increased (7.1%)
- SME fees decreased (0.5%)
- Scope for charging under point (xi) of Article 10(a) increased
 - Number of things that are subject to confidentiality fees.
- Commission have signalled intention to review fees again in 2015.



EtOH REACH General Assembly 2013 Associated substances

Steffen Krämer
Executive Committee member of the Ethanol REACH Association

Associated substances supported by EtOH-REACH



- EtOH-REACH decided to help to facilitate the registration of Fusel oil and Vinasse
 - separate budget
 - separate fee
- forming sub-consortias



Vinasse

Five different Vinasse substances supported by EtOH-REACh



- A) Biomass removed:
- 1. 932-215-9 Vinasses, residue of fermentation
- 2. 932-176-8 Vinasses, residue of fermentation, salt-enriched.

- B) Biomass not removed:
- 1. 932-161-6 Vinasses, residue of fermentation containing biomass of bakers yeast

(Saccharomyces cerevisiae)

al Assembly Etoh-REACH

Steffen Krämer, SUDZUCKER AG on behalf

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Status



- 36 members, 2 sold LoA
- Stay prepared to respond ECHAs requests
- Present ca. 1 week before Christmas response time 14 days!

ECHA compliance check



- Four Lead registrants got a NOTIFICATION OF A DRAFT DECISION ON A COMPLIANCE CHECK UNDER REGULATION (EC) NO 1907/2006:
 missing partion coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)
 - submitted justification not exepted by ECHA
- Preparation of scientific based "Log Kow statement" by WIL Research
 - Update of IUCLID section 2.3 due to the new TCC, Adaption of the CSR, templates for sections 1-3)
 - ECHA meanwhile accepted



Fusel Oil

Fusel Oil



EINECS No: 232-395-2

UVCB substance

- Manufacturing Descriptions for the CSR:
 - Fusel Oil is produced as by-product when an Raw Ethanol
 Solution is passed through a distillation train to remove
 impurities and water, whereas the Fusel Oil, the Ethanol and the
 Water will separated in single streams. The Raw Ethanol
 Solution is commonly output of a fermentation or a synthetic
 process with various degrees of purity.

Substance Identification Profil (SIP)



CONSTITUENT	CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING	PROPOSED CONCENTRATION RANGE [% (w/w)]
Ethanol (64-17-5)	F; R11	> 0.01 - < 65
3-methylbutan-1-ol (123-51-3)	not legally classified	> 10 - < 85
2-methylbutan-1-ol (137-32-6)	not legally classified	> 1 - < 25
2-methylpropan-1-ol (78-83-1)	Xi; R10, R37/38, R41, R67	> 0.01 - < 30
Propan-1-ol (71-23-8)	F, Xi; R11, R41, R67	< 10
1-Butanol (71-36-3)	Xn; R10, R22, R37/38, R41, R67	< 1.5
Butan-2-ol (78-92-2)	Xi; R10, R36/37, R67	< 2
Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	F, Xi; R11, R36, R66; R67	< 5
Isopentyl acetate (123-92-2)	R10, R66	< 0.5
Methanol (67-56-1)	F, T; R11, R23,24,25, R39/23/24/25 (SCL)	<1
Acetaldehyde (75-07-0)	F+, Xn; R12, R40 (Carc. Cat. 3), R36/37 (Xi)	< 0.5
2-Pentanol (6032-29-7)	not legally classified	< 0.5
Hexanol (25917-35-5)	not legally classified	< 2.5
2-furaldehyde (Furfural) (98-01-1)	Carc. Cat. 3; R40-T; R23/25-Xn; R21 - Xi; R36/37/38	< 0.5
Ethyl and isopentyl esters of fatty acids	not legally classified	each < 7
Ethyl lactate (97-64-3)	Xi; R10, R37, R41	< 0.5
Farnesol (4602-84-0)	not legally classified	<1

Fusel Oil – steps forward



- registration deadline: 2013, June
- members: currently 9 small and 5 micro members
- lead dossier submitted (payment phase)
- members will get the token and templates for chapter 1-3 by EtOH-REACh by this week



Financial reporting



Financial report 2012

	BUDGET 2012	Actual 2012	
INCOME			
Membership	0	42.240	
Letter of access	0	53.580	
Interest	25.000	31.615	
Total income	25.000	127.435	
EXPENSES			
Secretarial services	50.000	70.000	
ChemSage / DCL expenses	73.575	76.460	
Post-registration contingency	11.035		
Evaluation taskforce	5.250		
Contingency Evaluation			
taskforce	42.000		
Internal Meeting expenses	23.000	6.844	
Travel & stay L.A.M.	3.500	3.644	
General Expenses			
Office expenses	12.925	9.597	
Total expenses	221.285	166.545	
RESULT	-196.285	-39.111	
Capital al January 1st	1.565.777	1.565.777	
Capital at December 31	1.369.492 1.526.666 Mark Macaré, EtOH-REACH		





Budget 2013

	BUDGET 2013	
INCOME	0	
Membership	0	
Letter of access Interest	0 25.000	
merest	25.000	
Total income	25.000	
EXPENSES		
Secretarial services	55.000	
ChemSage / DCL expenses	75.500	
Post-registration contingency	14.950	
Evaluation taskforce		
Contingency Evaluation taskforce	42.000	
Internal Meeting expenses	23.500	
Travel & stay L.A.M.	3.500	
General Expenses		
Office expenses	18.525	
Total expenses	232.975	
RESULT	-207.975	
Capital al January 1st	1.526.666	

Capital at December 31

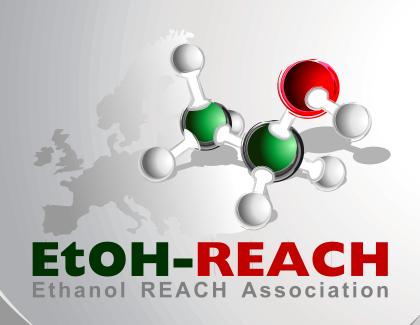


1.318.691

Approval of the report 2012 and budget 2013



To be voted by members



Financial report Vinasses

	Budget 2012	Actual 2012
INCOME		
Membership	3.240	
Total income	3.240	0
EXPENSES		
Secretariat	13.250	12.500
Meeting expenses	2.000	0
Dr. Knoell	0	
Travel and Stay LAM	500	0
Reimbursement of 3 companies	16.200	0
General Expenses	500	109
Total expenses	32.450	12.609
RESULT	-29.210	-12.609
Capital		68.437





Financial report/budget Fusel Oil

	BUDGET	ACTUAL Projection		
	2012-2013	2012	2013	
INCOME				
Membership Phase 2	305.635	228.000	131.000	
Total income	305.635	228.000	131.000	
EXPENSES				
Secretariat	25.000	25.000	15.000	
Meeting expenses phase 2	7.500	2.663	5.000	
Dr. Knoell phase 2	125.000	19.809	103.000	
Travel and Stay LAM	1.500	2.984	4.000	
PC studies	17.600		17.600	
Purchase of existing studies (max)	100.000	64.166	36.000	
General Expenses	1.250			
Total expenses	277.850	114.623	180.600	
Contingency 10%	27.785	11.462	18.060	
Total	305.635	126.085	198.660	
RESULT	0	101.915	-67.660	
Capital		89.842	40.242	





Election of officials

Proposal for composition of Executive Committee 2013



- President Bernard Bastier, Tereos
- Vice-President Steffen Krämer, Südzucker
- Secretary Matthias Mundt, Euro-Alkohol GmbH
- Treasurer Aly Rappange, Cargill
- Members:
 - Martin Burger, Abengoa Bioenergy Netherlands
 - Saeed Ahmad, Ineos

Election of officials



Vacancy for importer/trader

Proposed officials to be approved by members



The Future of ETOH-REACH

Legal requirements



- Second registration deadline: 2013
- Evaluation procedure accelerating
 - Ethanol not (yet) directly affected
 - Important denaturants in scope
- Final deadline for registration under REACH: 2018

Ongoing activities



- Administration of Letter of Access/membership database
- Taskforce for Dossier evaluation
- Evaluation of need for update of Dossier
- Monitor developments in REACH and impact for members

Ongoing activities (2)



- Offer platform for related substances
- Provide information to (SIEF) members
- Support of Lead Registrant
- Launch of new website
- Forum for classification issues

Questions?

